

Risk of collision with whales in Europe Seas, Jun. 2020

The raster dataset represents the risk of collision of whales with vessels in Europe Seas.

The most vulnerable species from ship strikes are cetaceans and turtles, since they go to the surface to breathe. On the other hand, their migration routes can overlap with shipping lanes. The collisions can produce the death or injury of the animals, and are an important threat for the conservation of these species.

The dataset has been prepared in the context of the development of the first European Maritime Transport Environmental Report (EMSA-EEA report, 2021: https://www.eea.europa.eu/publications/maritime-transport).

Simple

Date (Creation)	2019-11-01				
Date (Publication)	2020-06-16				
Edition	01.00				
Citation identifier	eea_r_3035_1_km_risk-collision_p_2019_v01_r00				
Citation identifier	DAT-252-en				
Point of contact	Organisation name		Electronic mail address		Role
	European Environment Agency		sdi@eea. europa.eu	http://www eea. europa.eu	Point of contact
	European Environment Agency		sdi@eea. europa.eu	http://www eea. europa.eu	. Custodian

Point of contact

No information provided.

Maintenance and update frequency	As needed		
GEMET - INSPIRE themes, version 1.0	Species distribution		
Keywords			
Keywords			
GEMET	marine ecosystem		
	• risk		
	• environment		
	• ship		
	• whale		
	marine environment		
	• sea		
	• ocean		
	aquatic environment		
	environmental quality		
	marine biology		

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Continents, countries, sea regions of the world.	Bay of Biscay
	Northeast Atlantic Ocean (40W)
	Iceland Sea
	Kattegat
	English Channel
	Norwegian Sea
	North Sea
	Adriatic Sea
	Celtic Sea
	Barents Sea
	Baltic Sea
	Mediterranean Sea
	Ionian Sea
	Black Sea
spatial scope	European
EA Management Plan	• 2021 1.2.5
	Biodiversity
EEA topics	Seas and coasts
	Nature protection and restoration
	Transport and mobility
ccess constraints	Other restrictions
Other constraints	no limitations to public access
Jse constraints	Other restrictions
Other constraints	EEA standard re-use policy: unless otherwise indicated, re-use of content on the EEA website for commercial or non-commercial purposes is permitted free of charge, provided that the source is acknowledged (http://www.eea.europa.eu/legal/copyright). Copyright holder: European Environment Agency (EEA).
Spatial representation type	Grid
Distance	0.5 deg
Distance	1 km
anguage of dataset	English
Topic category	Environment Oceans





Source

Begin date	2019-10-01				
End date	2019-10-31				
Coordinate reference system identifier	EPSG:3035				
Distribution format	• GeoTIFF()				
OnLine resource	Protocol	Linkage	Name		
	EEA:FOLDERPATH	https://sdi.eea.europa.eu/webdav/datastore/public /eea_r_3035_1_km_risk-collision_p_2019_v01_r00 /Risk_of_WhaleShip_collision_ShippingLnTransformed.tif			
	WWW:URL	https://sdi.eea.europa.eu/data/22ad5ddf-967d-4ce7-9933- f7ac89e0b638	Direct download		
	ESRI:REST	https://water.discomap.eea.europa.eu/arcgis/rest/services /Marine/Risk of collision with whales/MapServer			
	OGC:WMS	https://water.discomap.eea.europa.eu/arcgis/services/Marine /Risk_of_collision_with_whales/MapServer/WMSServer? request=GetCapabilities&service=WMS			
	WWW:LINK-1.0-httplink	https://www.eea.europa.eu/publications/maritime-transport	European Maritime Transport Environmental Report 2021		
Hierarchy level	Dataset				
Conformance result					
Title		Commission Regulation (EU) No 1089/2010 of 23 November 2010 implementing Directive 2007/2/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards interoperability of spatial data sets and services			
Date (Publication)	2010-12-08	2010-12-08			
Explanation	See the referenced specification				
Statement	The risk of collision with whales was created using the EMODnet Human Activities Vessel Density Map 2017, considering all ships, and taking the year average value, together with expert reviewed whale distribution models from AQUAMAPS, version 10/2019 (https://www.aquamaps.org/) for whales that are regarded as having a risk of colliding with ships. Regarding the EMODnet vessel density raster, values over 100 were truncated to 100 to remove high value cells due to ships idling in ports or anchoring sites with their AIS transponders turned on. Distribution model values for blue whale, sei whale, humpback whale, sperm whale, fin whale and northern right whale were summed per 0.5-degree c-squares. The northern right whale model only describes the range of the western population of this species, since the eastern population is probably almost extinct. Thus, the northern right whale model only partly overlaps with the EEA area on interest. Lastly, the summed distribution models were multiplied with the truncated EMODnet vessel density data, which were log transformed (ln+1).				

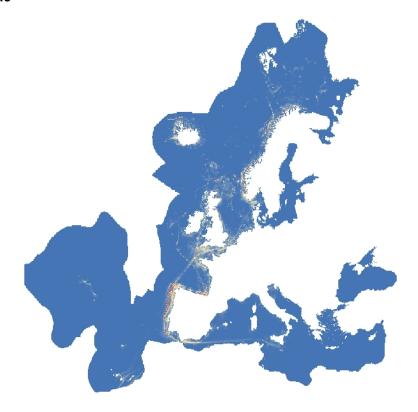
Probability of whales occurrence in Europe Seas, Jun. 2020

 $\bullet \ \underline{ https://www.emodnet-humanactivities.eu/search-results.php?dataname=Vessel+Density+} \\$

Metadata

File identifier	22ad5ddf-967d-4ce7-9933-f7ac89e0b638 XML			
Metadata language	English			
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Hierarchy level	Dataset			
Date stamp	2024-03-05T13:36:27.878Z			
Metadata standard name	ISO 19115/19139			
Metadata standard version	1.0			
Metadata author	Organisation name	Individual name	Electronic mail address	Website Role
	European Environment Agency		sdi@eea. europa.eu	Point of contact

Overviews



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