

# EEA potential flood-prone area extent, Jan. 2020

The EEA potential flood prone area extent delineates the area that is flooded once every 100 years, i.e. the probability of flooding is 1% assuming that flooding is unrestricted. The potential flood prone area is comprised of the river channel and floodplain. In reality, the floodplain is split into an active floodplain where flooding still occurs, and former floodplain where flooding is restricted due to flood protection. The former floodplain could be flooded again either if a flood exceeds the capacity of flood protection, or if factors that control the presence of water were removed. These factors include channel and floodplain morphological alterations as well as structural flood protection measures.

The spatial coverage of the data set is EEA39 countries.

# Simple

Date (Creation)	2019-02-01				
Date (Publication)	2020-01-31				
Edition	01.00				
Citation identifier	eea_v_3035_50_k_flood-prone_p_2011_2016_v0	1_r00			
Citation identifier	DAT-231-en				
Point of contact	Organisation name	Individual name	Electronic mail address	Website	Role
	European Environment Agency		sdi@eea. europa.eu	http://www. eea. europa.eu	Point of contact
	European Environment Agency		sdi@eea. europa.eu		Custodian
Maintenance and update frequency	As needed				
GEMET - INSPIRE themes, version 1.0	<u>Natural risk zones</u>				
Keywords					
Keywords					
GEMET	<ul> <li>hydrography</li> <li>alluvial plain</li> <li>flooding</li> <li>aquatic environment</li> <li>sensitive environment</li> <li>geography</li> <li>natural risk analysis</li> <li>flood risk management</li> <li>sensitive natural area</li> <li>Water Framework Directive</li> <li>environmental policy</li> <li>water</li> <li>surface water management</li> <li>natural risks prevention</li> </ul>				

	wetland
	animal habitat
	Iand use
	• flood
	adaptation strategy
	inland water
	wildlife protection
Continents, countries, sea regions of the world.	• EEA39
Spatial scope	• European
	• 2020 1.5.3
EEA Management Plan	Water
	Land use
EEA topics	Extreme weather
	Climate change adaptation
Access constraints	Other restrictions
Other constraints	no limitations to public access
Use constraints	Other restrictions
Other constraints	EEA standard re-use policy: unless otherwise indicated, re-use of content on the EEA website for commercial or non-commercial purposes is permitted free of charge, provided that the source is acknowledged ( <u>http://www.eea.europa.eu/legal/copyright</u> ). Copyright holder: European Environment Agency (EEA).
Spatial representation type	Vector
Denominator	50000
Distance	100 100 m
Language of dataset	English
Topic category	<ul><li>Climatology, meteorology, atmosphere</li><li>Elevation</li></ul>

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Begin date	2011-01-01		
End date	2016-02-11		
Coordinate reference system identifier	EPSG:3035		
Distribution format	• GDB()		
OnLine resource	Protocol	Linkage	Name
	EEA:FILEPATH	https://sdi.eea.europa.eu/webdav/datastore/public /eea v 3035 50 k flood- prone p 2011 2016 v01 r00/Potential flood- prone area_extent.gdb	potentialFloodProneAreaExtent_Geodatabase
	WWW:URL	https://sdi.eea.europa.eu/data/28c36420-c31b- 440e-80c5-8064696f3517	Direct download
	OGC:WMS ESRI:REST	https://water.discomap.eea.europa.eu/arcgis /services/Flood/Potential_flood_prone_area /MapServer/WMSServer? request=GetCapabilities&service=WMS https://water.discomap.eea.europa.eu/arcgis/rest /services/Flood/Potential_flood_prone_area	0
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### Conformance result

Date (Publication)	2010-12-08
Explanation	See the referenced specification
Statement	The spatial layer: Potential flood prone area extent, was derived from two spatial layers: 1. "JRC flood hazard map for Europe 100-year return period" and 2. "Copernicus Potential Riparian Zone layer" from the 'Delineation of Riparian Zone' data set. JRC flood hazard map 100-year return period" layer is a result of flood model "LisFlood" and available for Europe in resolution of 100x100 m ( https://data.jrc.ec.europa.eu/dataset/jrc-floods-floodmapeu_rp100y-tif ). Copernicus Potential Riparian Zone layer is based on combining different hydrological and geomorphological parameters. These parameters are derived from the input data sets and are weighted differently dependent on their significance and quality. The resulting membership degree of each input parameter is finally combined into a single membership degree expressing the likelihood of an area to be part of a potential riparian zone. The minimum mapping unit of the Potential Riparian Zone (RZ) layer is 0.5 ha (geometric resolution and equivalent scale: raster 25 m and vector 1:50000).

Since "JRC flood hazard map 100-year return period" was provided in raster format, it was first converted to vector (polygon), then it was merged with "Copernicus Potential Riparian Zone layer" into one data set and clipped to EEA39 assessment extent. Derived spatial data set of the "Potential flood-prone area extent" covers 15% of EEA39 assessment area (or an area of 1,221,828 km2).

#### Source

### Metadata

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File identifier	28c36420-c31b-440e-80c5-8064696f3517 XML			
Metadata language	English			
Character set	UTF8			
Hierarchy level	Dataset			
Date stamp	2021-05-25T16:25:04.75Z			
Metadata standard name	ISO 19115/19139			
Metadata standard version	1.0			
Metadata author	Organisation name	Individual name	Electronic mail address	: Website Role
	European Environment Agency		sdi@eea. europa.eu	Point of contact

#### **Overviews**



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