

Small Woody Features 2015 (raster 100 m), Europe, 3-yearly - Nov. 2019

The HRL Small Woody Features (SWF) is a new Copernicus Land Monitoring Service (CMLS) product, which provides harmonized information on linear structures such as hedgerows, as well as patches (200 m² area 5000 m²) of woody features across the EEA39 countries.

Small woody landscape features are important vectors of biodiversity and provide information on fragmentation of habitats with a direct potential for restoration while also providing a link to hazard protection and green infrastructure, amongst others. The SWF layer contains woody linear, and small patchy elements, but is not differentiated into trees, hedges, bushes and scrub. The spatial pattern are limited to linear structures and isolated patches (patchy structures) on the basis of geometric characteristics. Additional Woody Features (AWF) are also included in this product. They consist of woody structures that do not fulfil the SWF geometric specifications but which are connected to valid SWFs structures. VHR imagery (DEIMOS-2, Pleiades 1A, Pleiades 1B, GeoEye-1, SPOT 6, SPOT 7, WorldView-2, WorldView-3 images from 2015) made available in the ESA Copernicus DWH are the main data source for the detection of small woody features identifiable within the given image resolution.

The dataset is available for the 2015 reference year and is produced in three different formats. This metadata corresponds to the SWF 100m spatial resolution raster aggregate layers: SWF density (0 - 100 %), AWF density (0 - 100 %) and SWF+AWF density (0 - 100 %). The SWF 100m raster layer, consistent with the EEA 100m grid, is a 100m aggregated version of the SWF 5m raster layer. It can be used as a landscape descriptor of SWF density for large areas.

You can read more about the product here: https://land.copernicus.eu/en/products/high-resolution-layer-small-woody-features/small-woody-features-20 15.

Simple

Date (Creation)	2019-11-06				
Date (Publication)	2019-11-06				
Date (Revision)	2020-03-04				
Edition	01.00				
Citation identifier	copernicus_r_3035_100_m_swf-2015_p_2014-2016_v01_r00				
Citation identifier	DAT-237-en				
Code	10.2909/2adfe942-186d-4ee0-af41-b8b864dfb6b6				
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Point of contact

No information provided.

Maintenance and update frequency	Continual
GEMET - INSPIRE themes, version 1.0	Land cover
Keywords	
Continents, countries, sea regions of the world.	• EEA39
Keywords	
	soil surface sealing

GEMET	land cover
	urban area
	Iand use
	built environment
	• sealing
	landscape alteration
Spatial scope	• European
EEA Management Plan	• 2020 3.6.7
	Biodiversity
EEA topics	Agriculture and food
	Land use
Access constraints	Other restrictions
Other constraints	no limitations to public access
Use constraints	Other restrictions
Other constraints	Access to data is based on a principle of full, open and free access as established by the Copernicus data and information policy Regulation (EU) No 1159/2013 of 12 July 2013. This regulation establishes registration and licensing conditions for GMES/Copernicus users.
	Free, full and open access to this data set is made on the conditions that:
	1. When distributing or communicating Copernicus dedicated data and Copernicus service information to the public, users shall inform the public of the source of that data and information.
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Spatial representation type	Grid
Distance	100 m
Language of dataset	English
Character set	UTF8
Topic category	Environment Imagery base maps earth cover
Begin date	2014-01-01
End date	2016-12-31

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200-14				
Iceland Sweden				
Lat Germany				
France	Jkraine Turkey			
Morocco Liby	Svria			
Mauritania Mali Niger	Saudi Arabia			

Coordinate reference system identifier	EPSG:3035		
Distribution format	• GeoTIFF (1.0)		
OnLine resource	Protocol	Linkage	Name
	OGC:WMS	https://image.discomap.eea.europa.eu/arcgis/services /DownloadLayers/HRL_SWF_2015_DL/MapServer /WMSServer? service=WMS&request=GetCapabilities&version=1.3.0	0
	ESRI:REST	https://image.discomap.eea.europa.eu/arcgis/rest/services /DownloadLayers/HRL_SWF_2015_DL/MapServer/	
	WWW:LINK-1.0-httplink	https://land.copernicus.eu/en/products/high-resolution-layer- small-woody-features/small-woody-features-2015#Download	Download (requires authenticatior
OnLine resource	Protocol	Linkage	Nam
	DOI	https://doi.org/10.2909/2adfe942-186d-4ee0-af41- b8b864dfb6b6	
Hierarchy level	Dataset		

Conformance result

Date (Publication)	2010-12-08
Explanation	See the referenced specification
Statement	Supervised classification and visual interpretation of linear and patchy features on pan-sharpened VHR_IMAGE_2015. Small woody landscape features are important vectors of biodiversity and provide information on fragmentation of habitats with a direct potential for restoration while also providing a link to hazard protection and green infrastructure, amongst others (code = 1). Besides, the Minimum Mapping Unit (MMU) for small patches of trees is 200 m ² , while the Maximum Mapping Unit (MAXMU) is defined by 5000 m ² . The Minimum Mapping Length (MML) of linear elements is 50 m. There is also an other distinction between this two structures: width (30 m maximum for linear instead of 30 m minimum for patchy). Additional Woody Features (code = 3) consist of woody structures that do not fulfil the SWF geometric specifications but which are connected to valid SWFs structures, as well as patchy structures too large to be considered as valid SWF. No data (code = 254). Out of Large Region limits (code = 255). Tiles NO116 (Southeast Norway) and NO119 (Northeast Norway) have been discontinued and will not be published due to lack of availability of suitable satellite data.
Source	<u>Small Woody Features 2015 (raster 5 m), Europe, 3-yearly - Nov. 2019</u>

Metadata

File identifier	2adfe942-186d-4ee0-af41-b8b864dfb6b6 XML
Metadata language	English

Character set	UTF8			
Hierarchy level	Dataset			
Date stamp	2024-02-06T16:44:49.538Z			
Metadata standard name	ISO 19115/19139			
Metadata standard version	1.0			
Metadata author	Organisation name	Individual name	Electronic mail address	Website Role
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Overviews



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