



Energy Community Contracting Parties' (ECPs) use of carbon price mechanisms revenues

Concept
Name

Description

A Data description (metadata)

Data description

Background, main characteristics of dataset

This dataset contains information on how CPs spend the revenues from carbon price mechanisms in one calendar year. c
In the future, the revenues from the carbon price mechanisms should represent an increasing source of income for CPs. For now, only Albania, Ukraine and Montenegro have carbon pricing mechanism in operation.

This data is being collected under Article 5 of COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2020/1208 of 7 August 2020 pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2018/1999. Incorporated and adapted by the Ministerial Council Decision 2021/14/MC-EnC of 30 November 2021 on incorporating Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in the Energy Community acquis Communautaire and amending Annex I of the Treaty.

The Cps submits their data to the European Environment Agency (EEA) via the online platform Reportnet 3. The data is then quality-checked by the EEA.

Statistical population

Population about which information is to be sought

This dataset refers to the official nationally reported use of revenues from carbon pricing mechanisms and therefore applies to the entire statistical population of the national entity in relation to the specific information within the dataset.

Reference period

The data refer to the calendar year before the publishing year.

For example, the data on revenues spent in the calendar year 2024 were submitted and published in 2025.

Frequency of dissemination

Data are disseminated annually. Deadline for data reporting is on the 31th of July every year.

Geographical reference area

Energy Community Contracting Parties.

Unit of measure

1000 Euro
1000 Domestic currency

Basic statistical concepts and definitions

- Amount of revenues generated and used from carbon pricing mechanisms
- Revenues disbursed or committed from the revenues generated from carbon pricing for domestic purpose

Classifications used

Type of use according to purposes listed in Article 10(3), point (a), of Directive 2003/87/EC, Article 10(3), point (b), of Directive 2003/87. There are 15 defined categories of use. See Annex I of the [Implementing regulation 2024/1281](#) for detailed lists.

Statistical Confidentiality

Data is required to be publicly accessible, in accordance with the [Governance Regulation 2018/1999](#), Article 19 and 28.

B Data quality

Relevance

The dataset contains information on how much money the CPs have been collected through the carbon pricing mechanisms operational. Additionally, users can find out how much money has already been spent on, or has been committed to certain climate and energy-related topics or initiatives at domestic level.

Only Ukraine, Albania and Montenegro have operational carbon pricing mechanisms. Not all of them provide data on revenues and data on how revenues are spent are very uncomplete.

Timeliness

Length of time between data availability and the event or phenomenon they describe

T + 1 year

Deadline for reporting on calendar year T is the 31 July of the following year (T+1). The data are usually made publicly available on [Reportnet 3](#) as soon as released by CPs.

Accuracy and reliability

Source data: The data are officially reported by CPs national administrations from relevant financial records.

Data collection and methods used: Member States report data via the EEA's reporting platform '[Reportnet 3](#)'. The legislation and the EEA provide methodological guidelines to Member States. They also offer workshops every year, to train reporters in the Member States. Automatic quality assurance and quality control are implemented in '[Reportnet 3](#)'. And manual data validation QA/QC is carried out.

Accessibility and clarity

Publications: The raw data reported by CPs are available on the public online platform '[Reportnet 3](#)' and EEA datahub.

Quality documentation: Automatic quality assurance and quality control mechanisms are implemented in Reportnet 3. Details on the automatic quality control mechanisms are listed in the Excel document available for download on the Reportnet 3 website. Navigate to the relevant year of the dataflow 'Use of ETS auctioning revenues' and click on the button 'Download schema/s info'.

Coherence and comparability

Geographical: Only 3 out of the 9 CPs have a carbon pricing mechanism in place.

Over time: full comparability allowed.

C Contact and update

Contact organisation

European Environment Agency (EEA)

Contact name	n/a
Contact email address	
Metadata update	Published: 21/05/2026 Modified: n/a